## **GHS** Classification

# 2,3-epoxypropionaldehyde

ID677 CAS 765–34–4 Physical Hazards

#### Date Classified: May 24, 2006 (Environmental Hazards: Mar. 31, 2006)

Reference Manual: GHS Classification Manual (Feb. 10, 2006)

Hazard class	Classification	symbol	signal word	hazard statement	Rational for the classification
1 Explosives	Not applicable	-	-	-	There are no chemical groups associated with explosive properties present in the molecules.
2 Flammable gases	Not applicable	-	-	-	Liquid (GHS definition)
3 Flammable aerosols	Not applicable	-	-	-	Not aerosol products
4 Oxidizing gases	Not applicable	-	-	-	Liquid (GHS definition)
5 Gases under pressure	Not applicable	-	-	-	Liquid (GHS definition)
6 Flammable liquids	Category 3	Flame	Warning	Flammable liquid and vapour	Category 3 because of its flash point: 31degC
7 Flammable solids	Not applicable	-	-	-	Liquid (GHS definition)
8 Self-reactive substances and mixtures	Not classified	-	-		Not classified based on UNRTDG Class: 3, though containing distorted ring (epoxide groups) as chemical groups associated with self-reactive properties present
9 Pyrophoric liquids	Not classified	-	-	-	Based on the UNRTDG class 3 (subsidiary risks 6.1), it was classified as the outside of Category.
10 Pyrophoric solids	Not applicable	-	-	-	Liquid (GHS definition)
11 Self-heating substances and mixtures	Not classified	-	-	-	Not classified because of UNRTDG Class: 3, Subsidiary risks Class: 6.1
12 Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit flammable gases	Not applicable	-	-	-	The chemical structure of the substance does not contain metals or metaloids(B, Si, P, Ge, As, Se, Sn, Sb, Te, Bi, Po, At).
13 Oxidizing liquids	Not applicable	-	-	-	Organic compounds containing oxygen (but not chlorine and fluorine) chemically bonded only to carbon (but not to other elements).
14 Oxidizing solids	Not applicable	-	-	-	Liquid (GHS definition)
15 Organic peroxides	Not applicable	-	-	-	Organic compounds containing no -0-0- structure
16 Corrosive to metals	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available

#### Health Hazards

Haz	ard class	Classification	symbol	signal word	hazard statement	Rational for the classification
1	Acute toxicity (oral)	Category 3	Skull anu	Danger	Toxic if swallowed	Category 3 based on SPECIES: Rat; ENDPOINT: LD50; VALUE:230mg/kg; REFERENCE SOURCE: PATTY (5th, 2001)
1	Acute toxicity (dermal)	Category 3	Skull and crossbones	Danger	Toxic in contact with skin	It was set as Category 3 based on rabbit LD50= 249mg/kg (HSDB (2003)).
1	Acute toxicity (inhalation: gas)	Not applicable	-	-	-	Liquid (GHS definition)
1	Acute toxicity (inhalation: vapour)	Category 2	Skull and crossbones	Danger	Fatal if inhaled	The saturated vapor pressure concentration of this product is 59800ppm, and it is thought that all inhalation tests were done with vapor. It was classified as Category 2 based on rat LC50 = 251ppm (PATTY (5th, 2001)).
1	Acute toxicity (inhalation: dust, mist)	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
		Category 2	Exclamation mark	Warning	Causes skin irritation	It was classified as Category 2 based on the statement that moderate skin irritation was observed on rabbits (HSDB (2003)).
3	Serious eye damage / eye irritation	Category 2A	Exclamation mark	Warning	Causes serious eye irritation	Based on statements with the irritation of moderate in rabbit (PATTY (5th, 2001)), and with the irritation in human (HSDB (2003)) , it was set as Category 2A.
4	Respiratory/skin sensitization	sensitization: Classification not possible; Skin sensitization: Classification not	(Respiratory sensitization)−; (Skin sensitization)−	(Respiratory sensitization)−; (Skin sensitization)−	(Respiratory sensitization)−; (Skin sensitization)−	No data available
5	Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 2	Health hazard	Warning	defects (state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes	We found no in vivo test results, however, it has two indices for in vitro mutagenicity test (it shows positive in the bacteria reverse mutation test and the gene mutation test using the mammalian cells (MLA) (PATTY (5th, 2001), IRIS (2005)). In addition, this product has structural analogy with glycidol (ID 0098, CAS 556-52-9, in vivo somatic mutagenicity positive)), it has a similar structure with ethylene oxide, a known productive cell mutagen, and it has the alert structure (epoxide) there. In addition this product is metabolized and converted into glycidol. Therefore we classified it as Category 2.

6 Carcinogenicity	Category 2	Health hazard	Warning	Suspected of causing cancer (state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard)	Based on being classified into 2B according to IARC (1987), it was set as 2 by the technical indicator.
7 Toxic to reproduction	Classification not possible	-	-		No data available
8 Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following single exposure	Catagony 3 (respiratory	Exclamation mark		drowsiness and dizziness (respiratory tract	There is the description that it has irritation to nose and throat in human (PATTY (5th, 2001)), and the description that it has irritation to the respiratory to the lung in rat (HSDB (2003)), it is classified into Category 3 (respiratory irritation).
9 Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following repeated exposure	Category 1 (kidneys)	Health hazard	Danger		It was classified to as Category 1 (kidney) according to the statement that in the rat, an edema of renal pelvis was seen with the given dose of guidance value within the limits of Category 1(IRIS 0315 (2001)) .
10 Aspiration hazard	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available

### **Environmental Hazards**

Hazard class	Classification	symbol	signal word	hazard statement	Rational for the classification
11 Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute)	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
11 Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available.